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Typology of Land Tenure and Property Rights in Sudan													
0 percent													100 percent
										1			
High Security													
Degree of security in practice					i								
Low security													
7													
Tenure category (please indicate)													
								Donated tenures					
Property rights	Pavement Dwellers	Squatter settlement tenant (unauthorised)	Squatter settlement owner (tolerated by government)	Illegal construction on agricultural land (Unauthorized building)	Illegal construction on urban land (Unauthorized building)	Tenant with contract (new rent contract)	Tenant with contract (old rent contract)	for familial/commun al reasons (Waqf Ahly)	private ownership	owner of land (corruption in politics)	Donated tenures for philanthropic reasons (Waqf Khairy)	Religious historical sites	State-owned land
Occupy / use	X*	X*	X*	X*	X*	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х
Enjoy	X*	X*	X*	Х*	X*	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Dispose		X*	X*	Х*	X*	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
Restrict		X*	X*	X*	X*	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
Buy			Х	Х	Х	Χ			Х	Х	X		Х
Inherit									Х	Х	Х		Х
Develop/ improve						Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х
Cultivate/produce									Х	Х	Х		Х
Sublet		X*				X*	X*		Х	Х	Х		Х
Sublet and fix rent		X*				Χ	Х		Х	Х	Χ		Х
To access services								Х	Х	Х	Χ		X
To access formal credit									Х	Χ	Χ		Χ
Кеу:	X Right available equally to men and women * Informally \ Right available to men only												
Notes (If you would like to add/explain anything)	1) Sudan has a weak land governance with no unified legal framework to deal with land issues. It has performed poorly on the 2014 World Bank's Worldwide Governance Indicatorsand. This has enabeled widespread corruption practices namely but not limited to a) The risk of corruption associated with larger-scale investments for agricultural development. b) Common forms in which corruption occurs is in bribery of land officials to facilitate access to information and services. for further information REFER TO http://www.democracyfirstgroup.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/10/Land-Use-Ownership-and-Allocation-in-Sudan.pdf 2) The Khartoum government's repressive appropriation of land and systemic abuse of local land rights were significant factors fueling the civil war REFER TO https://www.land-links.org/country-profile/sudan/												